

NAG C Library Function Document

nag_dtrsna (f08qlc)

1 Purpose

nag_dtrsna (f08qlc) estimates condition numbers for specified eigenvalues and/or right eigenvectors of a real upper quasi-triangular matrix.

2 Specification

```
void nag_dtrsna (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType job, Nag_HowManyType how_many,
  const Boolean select[], Integer n, const double t[], Integer pdt,
  const double vl[], Integer pdvl, const double vr[], Integer pdvr, double s[],
  double sep[], Integer mm, Integer *m, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_dtrsna (f08qlc) estimates condition numbers for specified eigenvalues and/or right eigenvectors of a real upper quasi-triangular matrix T in canonical Schur form. These are the same as the condition numbers of the eigenvalues and right eigenvectors of an original matrix $A = ZTZ^T$ (with orthogonal Z), from which T may have been derived.

nag_dtrsna (f08qlc) computes the reciprocal of the condition number of an eigenvalue λ_i as

$$s_i = \frac{|v^H u|}{\|u\|_E \|v\|_E},$$

where u and v are the right and left eigenvectors of T , respectively, corresponding to λ_i . This reciprocal condition number always lies between zero (i.e., ill-conditioned) and one (i.e., well-conditioned).

An approximate error estimate for a computed eigenvalue λ_i is then given by

$$\frac{\epsilon \|T\|}{s_i},$$

where ϵ is the *machine precision*.

To estimate the reciprocal of the condition number of the right eigenvector corresponding to λ_i , the function first calls nag_dtrexc (f08qfc) to reorder the eigenvalues so that λ_i is in the leading position:

$$T = Q \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_i & c^T \\ 0 & T_{22} \end{pmatrix} Q^T.$$

The reciprocal condition number of the eigenvector is then estimated as sep_i , the smallest singular value of the matrix $(T_{22} - \lambda_i I)$. This number ranges from zero (i.e., ill-conditioned) to very large (i.e., well-conditioned).

An approximate error estimate for a computed right eigenvector u corresponding to λ_i is then given by

$$\frac{\epsilon \|T\|}{sep_i}.$$

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

- 1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*
On entry: the **order** parameter specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order = Nag_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this parameter.
Constraint: **order = Nag_RowMajor** or **Nag_ColMajor**.
- 2: **job** – Nag_JobType *Input*
On entry: indicates whether condition numbers are required for eigenvalues and/or eigenvectors, as follows:
 if **job = Nag_EigVals**, then condition numbers for eigenvalues only are computed;
 if **job = Nag_EigVecs**, then condition numbers for eigenvectors only are computed;
 if **job = Nag_DoBoth**, then condition numbers for both eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.
Constraint: **job = Nag_EigVals, Nag_EigVecs** or **Nag_DoBoth**.
- 3: **how_many** – Nag_HowManyType *Input*
On entry: indicates how many condition numbers are to be computed, as follows:
 if **how_many = Nag_ComputeAll**, then condition numbers for all eigenpairs are computed;
 if **how_many = Nag_ComputeSelected**, then condition numbers for selected eigenpairs (as specified by **select**) are computed.
Constraint: **how_many = Nag_ComputeAll** or **Nag_ComputeSelected**.
- 4: **select**_[dim] – const Boolean *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **select** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$ when **how_many = Nag_ComputeSelected** and at least 1 otherwise.
On entry: **select** specifies the eigenpairs for which condition numbers are to be computed if **how_many = Nag_ComputeSelected**. To select condition numbers for the eigenpair corresponding to the real eigenvalue λ_j , **select**_[j] must be set **TRUE**. To select condition numbers corresponding to a complex conjugate pair of eigenvalues λ_j and λ_{j+1} , **select**_[j] and/or **select**_[j + 1] must be set to **TRUE**.
select is not referenced if **how_many = Nag_ComputeAll**.
- 5: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: *n*, the order of the matrix *T*.
Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.
- 6: **t**_[dim] – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **t** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pdt} \times \mathbf{n})$.
 If **order = Nag_ColMajor**, the (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix *T* is stored in **t**_[(*j* - 1) × **pdt** + *i* - 1] and if **order = Nag_RowMajor**, the (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix *T* is stored in **t**_[(*i* - 1) × **pdt** + *j* - 1].
On entry: the *n* by *n* upper quasi-triangular matrix *T* in canonical Schur form, as returned by nag_dhseqr (f08pec).

- 7: **pdt** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **t**.
Constraint: **pdt** \geq $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$.
- 8: **vl**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vl** must be at least
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvl} \times \mathbf{mm})$ when **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth** and **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvl} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth** and **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**;
 1 when **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**.
 If **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**, the (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix is stored in **vl**[(*j* – 1) \times **pdvl** + *i* – 1] and if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**, the (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix is stored in **vl**[(*i* – 1) \times **pdvl** + *j* – 1].
On entry: if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **vl** must contain the left eigenvectors of *T* (or of any matrix QTQ^T with *Q* orthogonal) corresponding to the eigenpairs specified by **how_many** and **select**. The eigenvectors **must** be stored in consecutive rows or columns of **vl**, as returned by nag_dtrevc (f08qkc) or nag_dhsein (f08pkc).
vl is not referenced if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**.
- 9: **pdvl** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **vl**.
Constraints:
 if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**,
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **pdvl** \geq $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdvl** \geq 1;
 if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**,
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **pdvl** \geq $\max(1, \mathbf{mm})$;
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdvl** \geq 1.
- 10: **vr**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vr** must be at least
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvr} \times \mathbf{mm})$ when **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth** and **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**;
 $\max(1, \mathbf{pdvr} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth** and **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**;
 1 when **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**.
 If **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**, the (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix is stored in **vr**[(*j* – 1) \times **pdvr** + *i* – 1] and if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**, the (*i*, *j*)th element of the matrix is stored in **vr**[(*i* – 1) \times **pdvr** + *j* – 1].
On entry: if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **vr** must contain the right eigenvectors of *T* (or of any matrix QTQ^T with *Q* orthogonal) corresponding to the eigenpairs specified by **how_many** and **select**. The eigenvectors **must** be stored in consecutive rows or columns of **vr**, as returned by nag_dtrevc (f08qkc) or nag_dhsein (f08pkc).
vr is not referenced if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**.
- 11: **pdvr** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **vr**.

Constraints:

if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**,
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **pdvr** \geq $\max(1, n)$;
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdvr** \geq 1;
 if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**,
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **pdvr** \geq $\max(1, mm)$;
 if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdvr** \geq 1.

12: **s**[*dim*] – double *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **s** must be at least $\max(1, mm)$ when **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth** and at least 1 when **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**.

On exit: the reciprocal condition numbers of the selected eigenvalues if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, stored in consecutive elements of the array. Thus **s**[*j*], **sep**[*j*] and the *j*th rows or columns of **vl** and **vr** all correspond to the same eigenpair (but not in general the *j*th eigenpair unless all eigenpairs have been selected). For a complex conjugate pair of eigenvalues, two consecutive elements of **s** are set to the same value.

s is not referenced if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**.

13: **sep**[*dim*] – double *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **sep** must be at least $\max(1, mm)$ when **job** = **Nag_EigVecs** or **Nag_DoBoth** and at least 1 when **job** = **Nag_EigVals**.

On exit: the estimated reciprocal condition numbers of the selected right eigenvectors if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs** or **Nag_DoBoth**, stored in consecutive elements of the array. For a complex eigenvector, two consecutive elements of **sep** are set to the same value. If the eigenvalues cannot be reordered to compute **sep**[*j*], then **sep**[*j*] is set to zero; this can only occur when the true value would be very small anyway.

sep is not referenced if **job** = **Nag_EigVals**.

14: **mm** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the number of elements in the arrays **s** and **sep**, and the number of rows or columns (depending on the value of **order**) in the arrays **vl** and **vr** (if used). The precise number required, *m*, is *n* if **how_many** = **Nag_ComputeAll**; if **how_many** = **Nag_ComputeSelected**, *m* is obtained by counting 1 for each selected real eigenvalue, and 2 for each selected complex conjugate pair of eigenvalues (see **select**), in which case $0 \leq m \leq n$.

Constraint: **mm** \geq **m**.

15: **m** – Integer * *Output*

On exit: *m*, the number of elements of **s** and/or **sep** actually used to store the estimated condition numbers. If **how_many** = **Nag_ComputeAll**, **m** is set to *n*.

16: **fail** – NagError * *Output*

The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = *<value>*.

Constraint: **n** \geq 0.

On entry, **pdt** = *<value>*.

Constraint: **pdt** $>$ 0.

On entry, **pdvl** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdvl** > 0.

On entry, **pdvr** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdvr** > 0.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **mm** = $\langle value \rangle$, **m** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **mm** \geq **m**.

On entry, **pdt** = $\langle value \rangle$, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: **pdt** \geq max(1, **n**).

NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, **job** = $\langle value \rangle$, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pdvl** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **pdvl** \geq max(1, **n**);

if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdvl** \geq 1.

On entry, **job** = $\langle value \rangle$, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pdvr** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **pdvr** \geq max(1, **n**);

if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdvr** \geq 1.

On entry, **job** = $\langle value \rangle$, **mm** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pdvl** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **pdvl** \geq max(1, **mm**);

if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdvl** \geq 1.

On entry, **job** = $\langle value \rangle$, **mm** = $\langle value \rangle$, **pdvr** = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: if **job** = **Nag_EigVals** or **Nag_DoBoth**, **pdvr** \geq max(1, **mm**);

if **job** = **Nag_EigVecs**, **pdvr** \geq 1.

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, parameter $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

7 Accuracy

The computed values sep_i may over estimate the true value, but seldom by a factor of more than 3.

8 Further Comments

For a description of canonical Schur form, see the document for nag_dhseqr (f08pec).

The complex analogue of this function is nag_ztrsna (f08qyc).

9 Example

To compute approximate error estimates for all the eigenvalues and right eigenvectors of the matrix T , where

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 0.7995 & -0.1144 & 0.0060 & 0.0336 \\ 0.0000 & -0.0994 & 0.2478 & 0.3474 \\ 0.0000 & -0.6483 & -0.0994 & 0.2026 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & -0.1007 \end{pmatrix}.$$

9.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_dtrsna (f08qlc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 7, 2001.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx02.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer i, j, m, n, pdt, pdvl, pdvr;
    Integer select_len, s_len;
    Integer exit_status=0;
    double eps, tnorm;
    NagError fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
    double *s=0, *sep=0, *t=0, *vl=0, *vr=0;
    Boolean *select=0;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define T(I,J) t[(J-1)*pdt + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define T(I,J) t[(I-1)*pdt + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf("f08qlc Example Program Results\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[^\\n] ");
    Vscanf("%ld%*[^\\n] ", &n);
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pdt = n;
    pdvl = n;
    pdvr = n;
#else
    pdt = n;
    pdvl = n;
    pdvr = n;
#endif
    select_len = 1;
    s_len = n;

    /* Allocate memory */
    if ( !(t = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)) ||
        !(vl = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)) ||
        !(vr = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)) ||
        !(s = NAG_ALLOC(s_len, double)) ||
        !(sep = NAG_ALLOC(s_len, double)) ||
        !(select = NAG_ALLOC(select_len, Boolean)) )
    {

```

```

    Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}

/* Read T from data file */
for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
{
    for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
        Vscanf("%lf", &T(i,j));
}
Vscanf("%*[\n] ");

/* Calculate right and left eigenvectors of T */
f08qkc(order, Nag_BothSides, Nag_ComputeAll, select, n, t, pdt,
        vl, pdvl, vr, pdvr, n, &m, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from f08qkc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Estimate condition numbers for all the eigenvalues and */
/* right eigenvectors of T */
f08qlc(order, Nag_DoBoth, Nag_ComputeAll, select, n, t, pdt,
        vl, pdvl, vr, pdvr, s, sep, n, &m, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from f08qlc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print condition numbers of eigenvalues and right eigenvectors */
Vprintf("\nS\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    Vprintf("%11.1e", s[i]);
Vprintf("\n\nSep\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    Vprintf("%11.1e", sep[i]);
Vprintf("\n");
/* Calculate approximate error estimates (using the 1-norm) */
f16rac(order, Nag_OneNorm, n, n, t, pdt, &tnorm, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from f16rac.\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
eps = X02AJC;
Vprintf("\nApproximate error estimates for eigenvalues"
        "\nof T (machine dependent)\n");
for (i = 0; i < m; ++i)
    Vprintf("%11.1e", eps*tnorm/s[i]);
Vprintf("\n\nApproximate error estimates for right eigenvectors"
        "\nof T (machine dependent)\n");
for (i = 0; i < m; ++i)
    Vprintf("%11.1e", eps*tnorm/sep[i]);
Vprintf("\n");
END:
if (t) NAG_FREE(t);
if (s) NAG_FREE(s);
if (sep) NAG_FREE(sep);
if (vl) NAG_FREE(vl);
if (vr) NAG_FREE(vr);
if (select) NAG_FREE(select);

return exit_status;
}

```

9.2 Program Data

```
f08qlc Example Program Data
4                               :Value of N
0.7995  -0.1144  0.0060  0.0336
0.0000  -0.0994  0.2478  0.3474
0.0000  -0.6483  -0.0994  0.2026
0.0000   0.0000  0.0000  -0.1007  :End of matrix T
```

9.3 Program Results

```
f08qlc Example Program Results

S
  9.9e-01   7.0e-01   7.0e-01   5.7e-01

Sep
  6.3e-01   3.7e-01   3.7e-01   3.1e-01

Approximate error estimates for eigenvalues of T (machine dependent)
  9.6e-17   1.4e-16   1.4e-16   1.7e-16

Approximate error estimates for right eigenvectors of T (machine dependent)
  1.5e-16   2.6e-16   2.6e-16   3.1e-16
```
